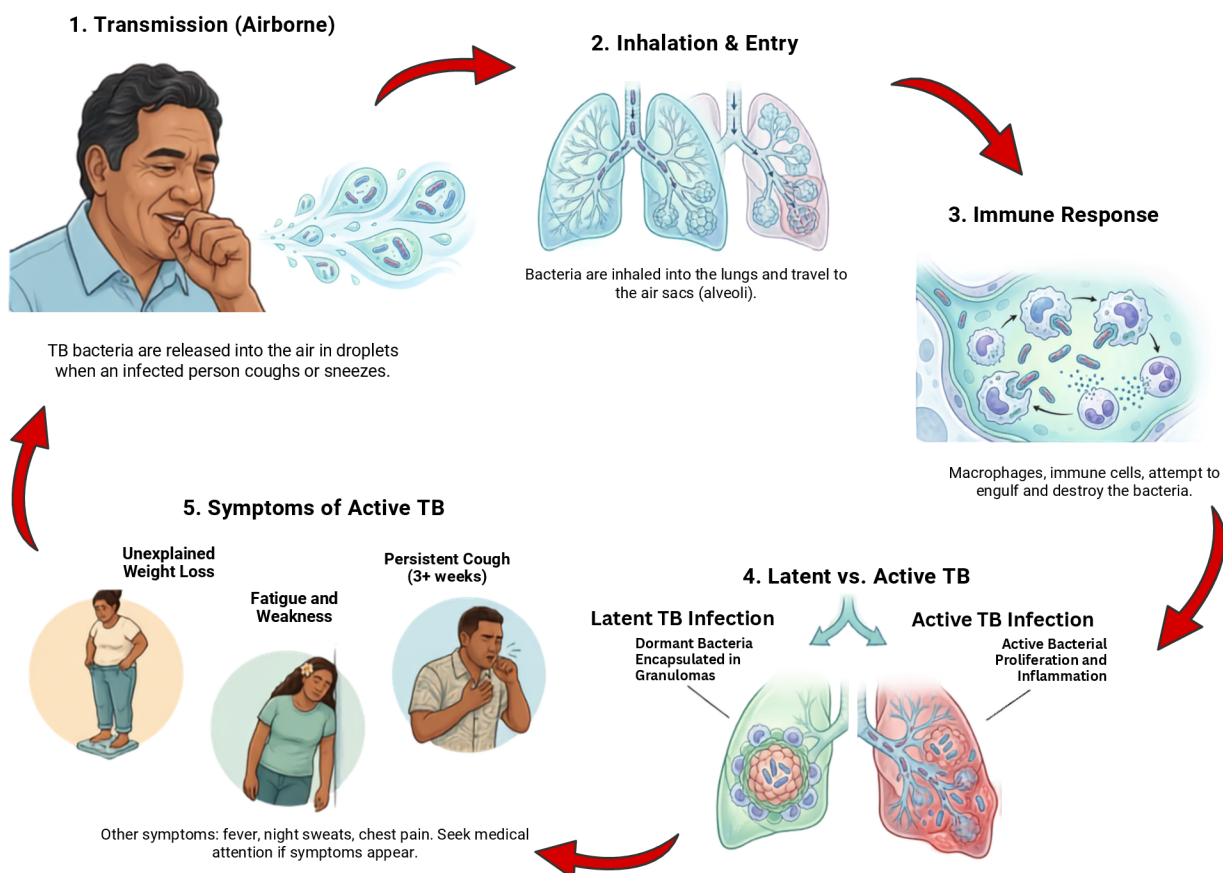


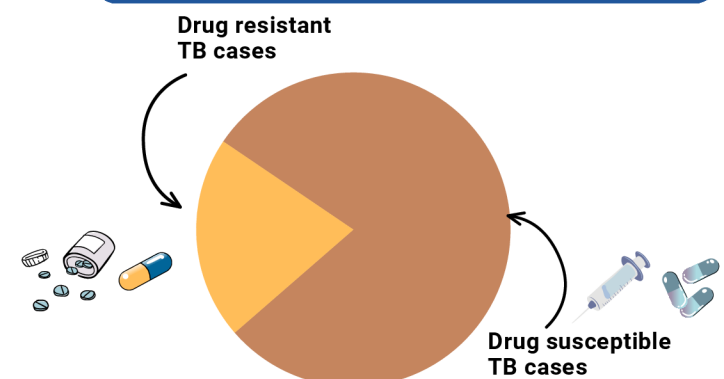
'TB: THE INVISIBLE THREAT' A DATA DAIRY

DID YOU KNOW ?
TB IS THE BIGGEST SILENT
KILLER IN THE PACIFIC
REGION

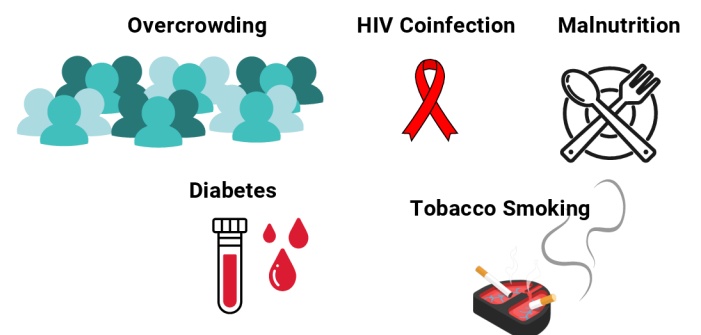
1. THE PATH OF INFECTION



2. RESISTANCE AND VULNERABILITY

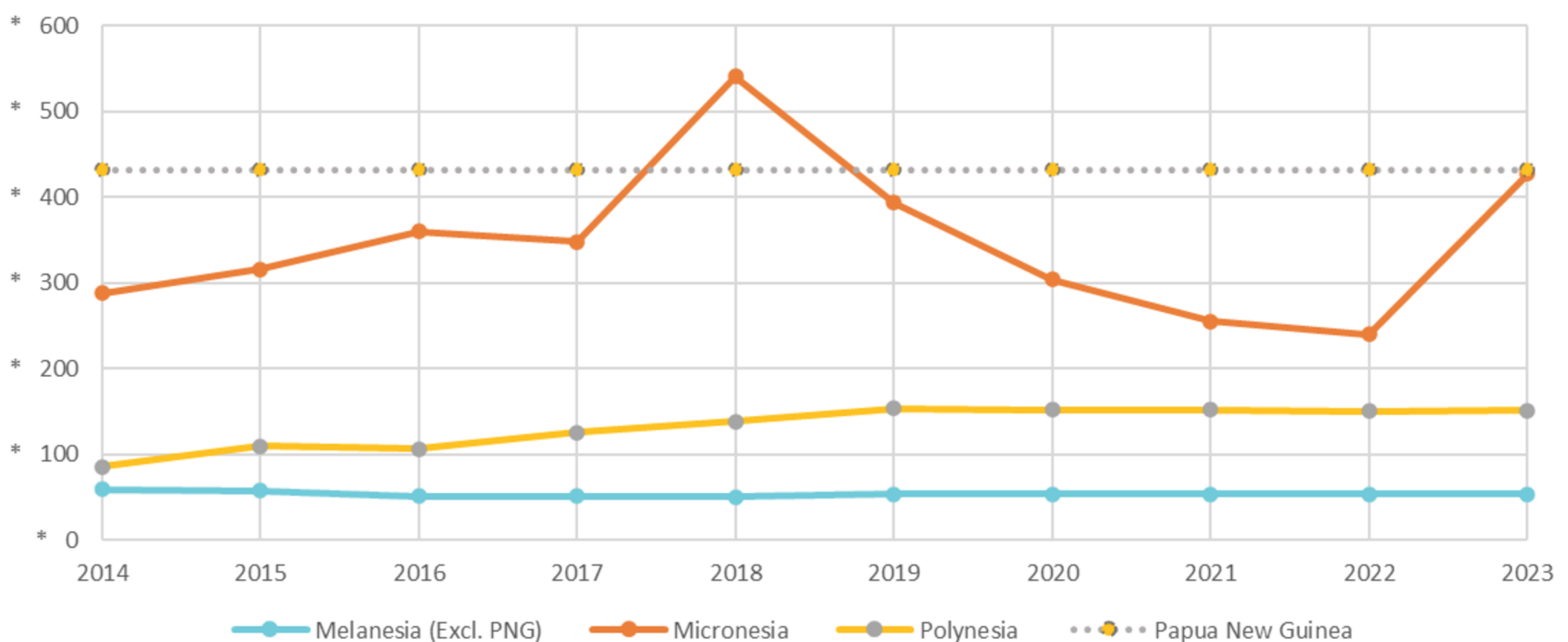


RISK FACTORS

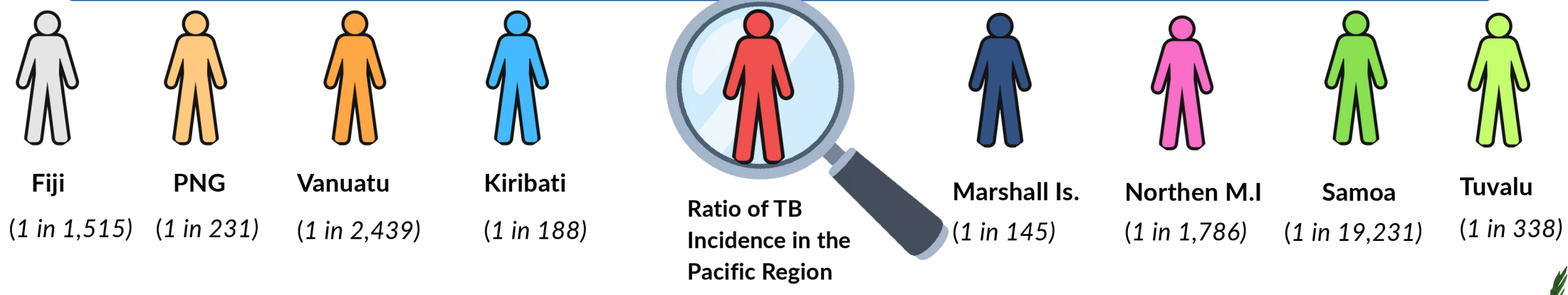


3. CRITICAL RISK: A DECADE OF PERSPECTIVE

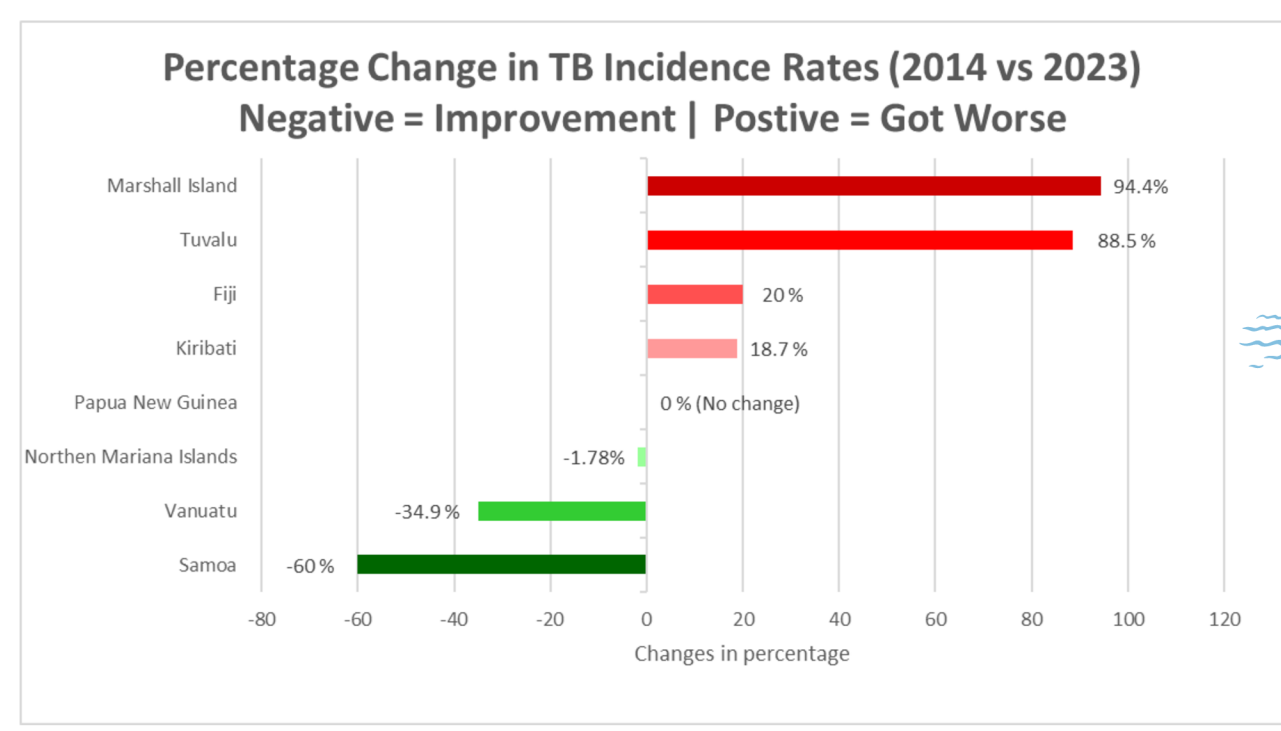
Average Tuberculosis (TB) incidence in the ethno-geographic subregions of the Pacific



4. THE INDIVIDUAL RATIO - 2023



5. ASSESSMENT OF PROGRESS



Hi Mauri, can you explain this graph to me

Sure Pol, I'd be happy to.

As you can see on the graph. It shows PNG rate of TB Incidence at 0%

Did PNG eradicate TB in the country?

Not at all, PNG continue to have one of the highest TB incidences in the region

Yeah, I can see why you would be confused

So why is the rate 0%. That is confusing!

PNG's TB incidence rate is at 0% because cases have remained stable over the last decade at 432 per 100,000

We should also acknowledge the inadequate recoding and reporting that contributed to this.



Another important point to consider is the trend in Tuberculosis incidence. Between 2014 and 2023, Fiji's cases increased by 20%, rising from 55 to 66 cases (an increase of 11 cases). In contrast, PNG's growth rate remained at 0%.

However, despite Fiji's rising percentage, the absolute burden in PNG remained significantly higher with PNG recording a staggering 432 cases in 2023 alone compared to Fiji's 66.

6. RISK MATRIX: TB Trend vs Volume Analysis

7. TRAJECTORY TO 2033

TB Surveillance Mapping in the Pacific

