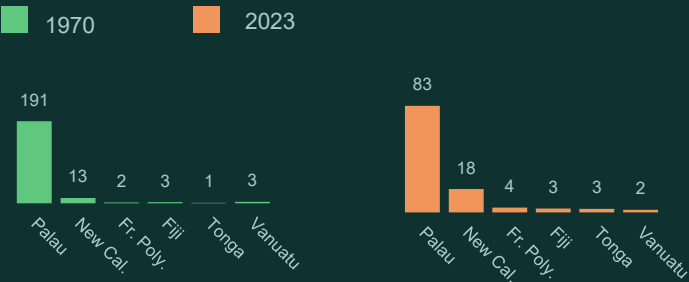


Greenhouse Gas Emissions in the Pacific

This data visualization looks at per-capita greenhouse gas emissions (tonnes CO2e) across 17 Pacific countries and territories, from 1970 to 2023.

Two territories, way out in front

While most of the region barely moves, Palau and New Caledonia post per-capita figures far above every neighbor — in opposite directions.



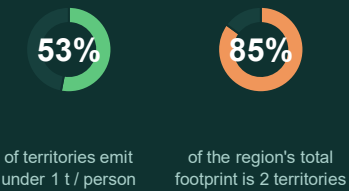
The smallest footprints in the Pacific

Share of the region's combined 2023 per-capita total.



What the numbers tell us

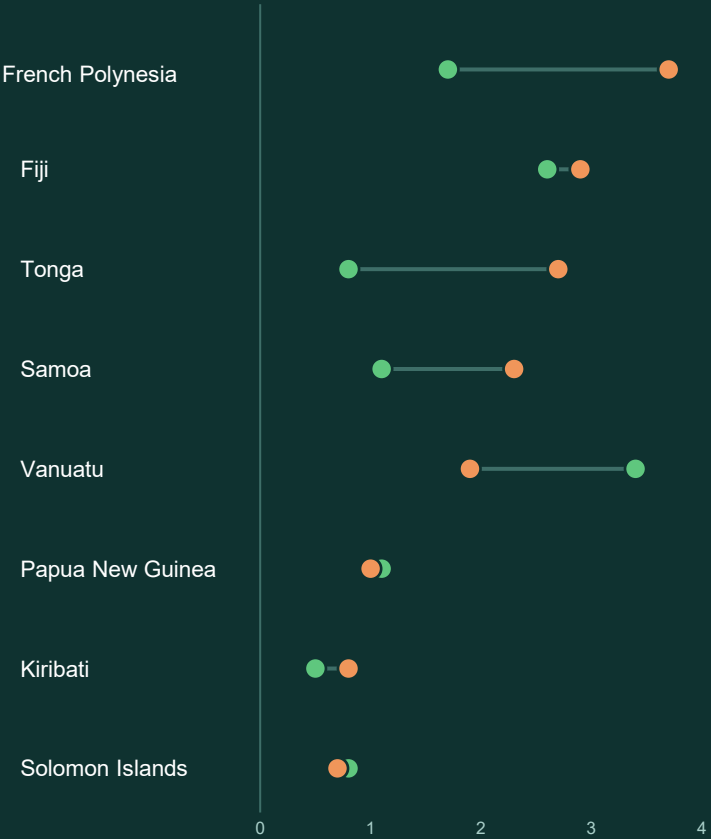
These figures summarize the 2023 picture across all 17 Pacific territories in this dataset.



The gap widens for some, narrows for others

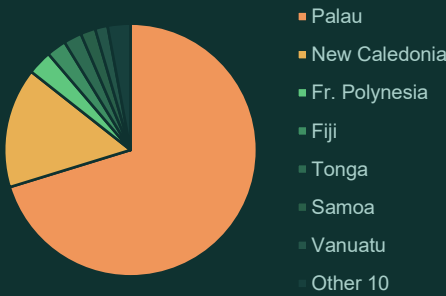
Per-capita emissions, 1970 vs. 2023 (tonnes CO2e), for territories outside the two big outliers.

Legend: 1970 (green), 2023 (orange)



How territories compare

Share of the region's combined 2023 per-capita footprint. Two territories account for the great majority of it.



A region of extremes

825x

the gap between Palau (82.5 t/person) and the region's lowest emitters — Guam, Nauru, the Marshall Islands and the N. Mariana Islands, all at 0.1 t/person in 2023.